

## THE WEATHER

The Past Week Generally Favorable for the Crops.

Indiana Winter Wheat Reported to Be in Fine Condition.

Corn Planting Completed in Kentucky—A General Rain is Needed—Oats Nearly All Sown in Indiana—Wheat Prospects in Ohio Are Improved.

CHICAGO, April 29.—The reports as to the condition of the crops throughout the country and the general effect of the weather on the cultivation, growth and harvest of the same, were Tuesday made by directors of the several climate and crop sections. The reports received at Chicago were as follows:

The week has been generally favorable for work, and vegetation has made rapid growth. The season which three weeks ago was from two to three weeks late over the northern portion of the country, has advanced rapidly, and the marked temperature deficiency which existed at that time has been overcome. Winter wheat shows further improvement in Virginia, Ohio, Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota and is doing well in Iowa, Missouri and portions of Illinois. In Indiana winter wheat is reported as in fine condition. In the states of the central valleys corn planting has been pushed rapidly. Planting is practically completed in Kentucky and Arkansas; is about half finished in Kansas; is in general progress in central and southern Illinois, and will become general in Iowa the coming week.

Kentucky—The week has been warm with an excess of sunshine and the light local rains have been fairly distributed. Corn planting has been brought to completion. Wheat is generally improved. Hemp is sown in many counties. Tobacco plants look well. Cut worms are damaging clover and early corn in western counties. Generally rain is needed.

Indiana—Good rains in many localities and warm weather have advanced all vegetation most rapidly. The light frost of the 22d did no injury. Wheat and grasses are in fine condition, oats are nearly all sown and plowing for corn in progress.

Ohio—The weather during the week has been favorable. Wheat prospects are improved but considerable will be plowed up for other crops. Grass is better, some oats are up, gardens are doing well, potatoes about planted and fruit prospects are fair. Insects are numerous. Some light frosts are reported with no damage. Stock is on pasture.

## HOWARD PIETZEL'S MURDER.

H. H. Holmes Wants to Exculpate Himself From the Charge.

PHILADELPHIA, April 29.—Coroner Castor, of Indianapolis, Ind., and Lawyer Bullock Visited Holmes Tuesday afternoon and the condemned murderer gave the affidavits which he has secured toward exculpating him from the murder of Howard Pietzel, son of Mr. Castor. After seeing Holmes, Mr. Castor visited District Attorney Graham and Detective Geyer and obtained from them what information they possess about the killing of the little boy. Wednesday Mr. Castor, Mr. Bullock, Mr. Rotan (Holmes' lawyer), Detective Geyer and Mr. Gary, an agent for the insurance company which Holmes defrauded, will see Holmes in prison and a general exchange of opinions upon the case will be had.

## Military Instruction in Schools.

WASHINGTON, April 29.—A bill of wide public interest was Tuesday favorably reported by the house military committee. It permits the detail of 50 officers and 50 enlisted men, who shall be noncommissioned officers, to act as instructors in military drill and tactics in normal and public schools, where instruction has been authorized by the authorities in charge. At present these instructions are given only in colleges and universities. The bill was made to apply to schools with a membership of 500 pupils or more.

## The Sentences Disapproved of.

JOHANNESBURG, April 29.—The most intense excitement was caused here when it became known that the leaders of the reform committee had been sentenced to death and extremely severe sentences pronounced against the other members of the committee. A public meeting has been summoned to give expression to the popular disapproval of the action of the court.

## Children Injured by a Runaway Team.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., April 29.—Tuesday morning a team hitched to a hack run away on Mitchell street, between Second and Third avenue, dashing west through a crowd of children, who were standing in front of the parochial school. About 30 of the little ones were injured, several seriously.

## Iowa G. A. R. Men in Connell.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., April 29.—Fully 10,000 Iowa veterans were in the city Tuesday attending the twenty-second annual encampment of the Iowa department G. A. R. The event of the day was the grand parade at two o'clock.

## Col. Cockerill's Remains.

WASHINGTON, April 29.—Representative Fenton has been notified that the remains of his cousin, Col. John A. Cockerill, will arrive in New York from Cairo on May 15. Services will be held in Dr. McArthur's church, New York.

## PHOTOGRAPHS

Of Pearl Bryan's Headless Body Produced in Court.

The Prosecution Nearing the End of Its Side of the Jackson Case.

Dr. Freeman, of the Eclectic Medical College, Cincinnati, Says Without Hesitation That the Decapitated Man Must Have Taken Place During Life.

## Dr. Freeman, of the Eclectic Medical College, Cincinnati, Says Without Hesitation That the Decapitated Man Must Have Taken Place During Life.

(Tuesday's Testimony Continued.) Coachman George H. Jackson, employed by Maj. Widdell, on Mt. Auburn, was placed on the stand and testified to driving a coupe to Kentucky for Alonzo Walling. He said that on the night of January 31 he was going home from a meeting of the Caldwell guards about 11:30; he was met by Alonzo Walling on Elm and George streets, who offered \$5 for a driver to take him about a square beyond Newport; bridge; witness said he would take the job. Walling went up Elm street. I waited about half an hour, when the carriage drove down Elm to Third, then to Broadway and then to the Newport bridge. Just then the man who hired me got up beside me to direct the way.

"We went two squares, and then he said: 'Turn to the right and then we went two squares and then zig-zag all the way. We went under the railroad bridge. I don't know which. We kept on a-going, and I didn't think anything wrong until we got to a place. I have learned since was a disreputable. Just then I heard a strange noise in the back of the carriage; it sounded like a woman who was suffering with toothache. 'See here,' I said to myself, 'I don't like this job.' There was a sound like glass crashing, and I said: 'That's something the matter; I don't like this job.' And put my foot down to get out of the cab."

"I handed the reins to the man with me and started out, but the man did not take it, and I looked at him and saw I was looking into a rear view, and I drove on, you black —, or I'll drive you to —, I drove on."

"At the bridge I heard that same moan again, but I kept right on driving, for whenever I looked at the man he had his gun pointed at me."

"I ran about a mile or three-quarters on a mud road. We went on until we struck a pike. We went to a place where several roads meet. Half way down the hill the man in the back said there was where we wanted to stop and I checked up."

"The man on the seat with me was Walling and the man in the back was Scott Jackson. The man in the back of the carriage helped the woman out, and the man in front ran around and got on the other side of the lady. They helped her along and told me to drive off. I looked back and the last I saw of the man was as they were getting over the fence on the other side of the hill. I drove on."

"I expect not that long—and then I started for home about—" "The horse was gray and a pretty good road horse. We drove slowly until we got to the tollgate on the bridge; then we drove very rapidly the rest of the way. I have no doubt that the men who were with me were Scott Jackson and Alonzo Walling."

"The witness was never cross-questioned by the attorneys for the defense, but he stuck to his story. Jackson continued in reply to questions:

"I ran all the way to Newport. I struck the river about the old fort. I don't know what part of town it was. I was never over here before; I didn't know east, west, north or south. I saw the lights of Cincinnati when I got to the end of the old mud road. I saw some stream as I was going out. I didn't know it was the Licking."

"I don't know what time I got to Maj. Widdell's. I fired the furnace fire, went to my room and just then the electric light went out. I wasn't daylight. I won't say what time it was."

"Why didn't you keep the road?" "I went back to the road and then I left the road because I was afraid the two fellows might get the vehicle and catch me."

Cawford tried to tangle the witness as to the route he followed returning to Cincinnati, but he was not successful.

The witness admitted that he at one time lived in Springfield, O., and was concerned there in a case against Wm. Melvin.

Chester Mullen was recalled and on cross-examination said there was no hitching weight or any arrangement for hitching the rig when it left his stable, nor any railroad iron. If the rig had been in the coupe witness would have known it.

Lieut. Corbin, of the Cincinnati police force, was called and testified about searching Jackson. He identified the bridge ticket and the handkerchiefs found on the prisoner.

Wm. Cassidy, a Newport butler, testified to crossing the Central railroad bridge on the night of January 31, or morning of February 1, between 12:30 and 1:30. He was coming over from Cincinnati. "A gray horse and carriage, rapidly driven, came up behind. I remarked that they seemed to be a hurry."

Sheriff Plummer testified and gave a graphic description of the scene of the murder. As he told how the body lay Pearl Bryan's mother bowed her head. The sheriff's description corroborated that already given. The spot was visible from only one point on either of the roads near-by.

The sheriff testified to finding a depression two or three inches in diameter near the body. Spectators in the courtroom connected this depression with the trousers found in the dentist's college stained with mud on the knees. There were four bloody finger marks on the corset and near by. The upper part of the dress was saturated.

Alex. Bryan, father of the murdered girl, took the stand. He testified he last saw his daughter January 27. Said her remains were brought to Greenacres minus the head; had never been able to find it.

Lived in Greenacres in the summer of 1895. Knows Scott Jackson. He visited my house the spring and fall of 1895. He came while his wife was away from home. Did not know of his daughter's condition when she left home.

Newport, Ky., April 29.—Wednesday morning the prosecution in the Jackson murder trial sprang a surprise in the testimony of Mrs. Sarah Seither, who lives on the Licking pike. She says that on the Thursday morning before the murder, while on her way to Newport, she met Jackson and Walling going south on the same road and they insulted her.

Mrs. Alice Steifel, who lives on a road leading to the Alexandria pike, testified that some time after midnight on the morning of February 1 she heard a vehicle being rapidly driven past her home toward the Alexandria pike.

The testimony of Dr. Edwin Freeman was most damaging to the defense. When a hypothetical question in which the condition in which the dead body was described was put, he answered positively and without hesitation that decapitation must have taken place during life.

Wednesday morning Photographer Carlo testified that he has had 25 years' experience in his business. He made numerous photographs of Pearl Bryan's body and different portions of it as it lay in White's undertaking establishment in Newport. Those photographs of the body, headless and mutilated by the post-mortem operation, were handed to the jury. For several moments the twelve men studied them intently. A second collection of pictures of the girl's hands and feet were introduced. Judge Helm looked at them first before he overruled Crawford's objection, and handed them to the jury.

Sarah Seither took the stand, she testified that for two years she lived near Kessen's Grove, on the Licking pike. On Thursday

morning before the murder she was coming down the road she met Jackson and Walling. The witness says: One of them was singing, and the other was whistling. Annie Rooney, I had on a sun bonnet. They looked at me and I turned around and looked at them. They gaped at me."

Upon cross-examination she said it must have been 8 o'clock when she met the men. She said she had not seen Jackson since until just before she took the stand.

"I have seen the newspaper pictures, but they don't any of them look much like him." Every one laughed and Crawford said for the sake of the newspaper artists, he would move to have that portion of the evidence stricken out.

Juror John Boehmer asked what kind of hats the men wore. The witness said the men were walking leisurely. Walling had a black derby; Jackson wore a light cap. Jackson's cap was shown the witness and she said it looked like the one Jackson wore.

Mrs. Alice Steifel testified that the condition of the road on the night of January 31 was muddy. It is a pretty good road. Witness thought the moon was dark that night. As a matter of fact the moon was full on the morning of January 30. The witness said that after midnight she heard the sound of a vehicle going up the hill; sounded like a one-horse vehicle. I could only hear the foot-beats of one horse. I heard the rattles of the vehicle. It was not peculiar. I got up. I took the vehicle for a doctor's buggy. The vehicle was going very fast. The vehicle was going toward Alexandria pike. The hill is seldom traveled late at night. Mrs. Steifel said that, although the hill the horse was heard in the night was trotting up the slope.

Dr. Edwin Freeman, professor of surgery in the Eclectic Medical college of Cincinnati, testified in answer to a hypothetical question by Attorney Hays, as to the condition of the cuts on the body of the murdered girl when found, the doctor said: "The cuts must have been made during life. The veins would not have been emptied by drainage from a dead body. The blood must have been thrown out by contraction of the heart. The heart does not contract after death. There is also no retraction of the skin after death, except just immediately. It ceases a few minutes after death. There is an irritability of the skin within a few minutes after death, but it quickly passes away, and in vigorous or more quickly than in weak persons, it can be paralyzed a short time by electricity."

"Do you understand that the body was inclined?" the court asked.

"Yes; and I say the blood could not have drained from the body if the case was made after death. It would only have drained from the neck and adjacent parts. The balance of the blood had to pass through the heart and the heart must have been in action when the arteries of the neck were severed."

Attorney Crawford objected to a question as to the cause of the girl's death which was put at this point. He was overruled and the doctor answered:

"Her death was caused by the hemorrhage of blood and the severing of the spinal cord. Death follows almost immediately, if not immediately, on the severance of the spinal cord at the neck."

"The cut would have been a clear one, without retraction of the skin, and the blood vessels would have been filled. The blood on the neck follows almost immediately, if not immediately, on the severance of the spinal cord at the neck."

The doctor was shown a photograph of the dead body, and after a close examination he said, by the appearance at the spinal column and by the ring of the retracted skin drawn back into a fold, the head evidently was severed before death. That condition could not have been produced by severing the head of a dead body.

On cross-examination the witness admitted that the undertaker's work of three hours on that neck trying to get up to prevent the flow of fluids might have caused the appearance as shown in the picture. "I don't think that the retraction of the skin could have been done carelessly after death, but only purposely. The arteries stand out in the soft tissues and not into the skin. It is not necessary to retract the skin to get hold of them and tie them. Of course, there might be some pushing back through awkwardness. In my first answer I did not take any such element into consideration."

Dr. Freeman testified that had chloroform and cocaine been administered the victim would have roused when decapitation was attempted.

"Dot" Legner was called and identified the valise left in his father's saloon in Cincinnati and also identified the prisoner. Legner said that the valise the first time Jackson left it weighed three or four pounds and the second time was apparently empty.

**GIRLS ON A STRIKE.** Women of Duluth, Minn., Doing Their Own Housework.

DULUTH, Minn., April 29.—A strike has been ordered by the Servant Girls' Union of Superior, Wis., and in consequence over half the families in that city are without hired help, and are being boycotted by the girls, who are doing all in their power to prevent new girls from being brought into the city.

The union some days ago decided that \$12 a month was not enough for a housework girl, and made a demand that all girls, irrespective of their ability, be paid \$15 per month. Many of the employers refused to come to these terms, and so a general strike was ordered. Nearly every woman in the city is doing her own housework.

**Have Joined the May Day Movement.** PITTSBURGH, Pa., April 29.—The structural iron workers and bridge builders have joined the May day movement for an advance of wages with the bricklayers and stonemasons. They will ask for three dollars per day beginning May 1. The demand will be presented to the contractors at once, and it is believed will be generally conceded. The horseshoers will also join the movement, asking for a reduction in the hours of work per day from ten to nine. Should satisfactory arrangements not be made, the 5,000 men will quit work Saturday.

**Booth-Tucker Arrested.** NEW YORK, April 29.—Commander Booth-Tucker, of the Salvation army, who was arrested Tuesday night while visiting the slums in disguise, on the charge of masquerading, was taken before Magistrate Sims in the Center street court Wednesday morning. After cautioning him against wearing a disguise in the street the magistrate dismissed the case.

**New West Virginia P. M.'s.** WASHINGTON, April 29.—The following West Virginia postmasters were appointed Wednesday: Market, Wm. P. Crook; Paradise, Mark Higginbotham; Round, J. W. Moore; Mattie, Evans Fisher; Wharfield, W. S. Livingston; Lord, W. H. Smith.



A cream of tartar Baking Powder. Highest of all in leavening strength—Latest United States Government Food Report. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N.Y.

## WIND STORMS.

Montrose, S. D., and Vicinity Damaged by a Cyclone.

Many Buildings Razed and Stock Killed at Madison, S. D.

Several Persons Injured, But No Lives Thought to Have Been Lost—Lincoln, Neb., Visited by the Tail End of a Cyclone—Lightning's Work.

SIoux FALLS, S. D., April 29.—A Montrose (S. D.) dispatch says a cyclone passed about two miles west of that place Monday evening, demolishing the houses and barns of Frank Malloy, Conrad Kirschner, P. Flannery and Michael Mannion. All of the live stock on these farms were killed.

The family of Michael Mannion, including himself, wife and five children, were all seriously injured.

At Madison there was a severe storm of wind, hail and rain. Some half a dozen buildings were blown down and much other damage done. Considerable live stock was killed, but no lives are thought to have been lost.

LINCOLN, Neb., April 29.—Lincoln apparently got the tail end of the North Dakota cyclone, a furious storm of wind, accompanied by vivid lightning, sweeping over the city at an early hour Tuesday morning. At Lincoln park the high fences were leveled, and in North Lincoln several barns were demolished by lightning. Lightning struck one house, damaging it, but the inmates were not seriously injured. Some live stock was killed, evidently being struck by lightning. There was a heavy fall of rain.

**SIX TO HANG.** Members of the Buck Gang Sentenced to Death.

FT. SMITH, Ark., April 29.—Six men are to die on the old federal gallows on Wednesday, July 1. The men are the Buck gang, composed of Rufus Buck, Sam Sampson, Louis Davis, Mamoi Judy, Lucky Davis and Ed. Wilkey, alias Davis. Their crimes were all against women. The Buck gang robbed Henry Hassan's house, in the Creek nation, near Okmulgee, last August, and outraged his wife. Wilkey outraged Mrs. Lillian Arnet in the Cherokee Nation last June. The Buck gang received sentence with the utmost indifference. They are of very low order of intelligence, with the exception of Buck, the leader. Wilkey showed a little concern, and denied his guilt of the crime.

In sentencing them Judge Parker told them to abandon hope of clemency, and that all that prevented a mob hanging them was the certainty of legal execution.

**Wife Murder and Suicide.** SEATTLE, Wash., April 29.—Crazed by jealousy Albert Keroy, a Negro 35 years old, employed as a waiter at the Rialler Grand hotel, Wednesday morning shot and killed his wife Julia and then killed himself. Both were in bed at the time and the presumption is that the woman was killed while asleep.

**An Atlanta Merchant Suicides.** CINCINNATI, April 29.—A. J. Orme, whose former home was Atlanta, Ga., died at the sanitarium on College Hill Wednesday morning. The coroner was notified. Orme attempted suicide Sunday morning by cutting his throat. He was caught in time, but death resulted from blood poisoning. He was a merchant and suffered from melancholia.

**Hottentots Defeated.** BERLIN, April 29.—A German force defeated a large body of Hottentot rebels in Damaraland on April 5, killing 46 of them. The German loss was eight killed.

**French Cabinet Complete.** PARIS, April 29.—Mm. Boucher and Turrel have accepted, respectively, the portfolios of commerce and public works in the Meline cabinet. This completes the new ministry.

**A Duel Was Reported.** BUDA PEST, April 29.—A duel with sabers took place between a doctor between Here and there. The doctor was seriously wounded.

**Lock Factory Plant Burned.** DENVER, Col., April 29.—The Denver Manufacturing Co.'s big brass and lock factory plant at Lakewood, near this city, was entirely destroyed by fire Wednesday morning. The loss is over \$100,000; insurance trifling.

**Holmes Refused a Respite.** HARRISBURG, Pa., April 29.—Gov. Hastings Wednesday afternoon refused the application of Murderer Holmes for a respite.

## Arrival and Departure of Trains.

H. & O. S. V.  
DEPART—6:00 a. m., 10:40 a. m., 2:00 p. m., 4:55 p. m., 7:00 p. m., 11:25 p. m.  
ARRIVE—3:35 a. m., 8:10 a. m., 12:35 p. m., 4:35 p. m., 6:40 p. m., 8:55 p. m.

T. & O. C. E.  
LEAVE—2:15 p. m., 9:00 a. m., 4:00 a. m.  
ARRIVE—12:20 p. m., 7:15 p. m., 7:55 a. m.

C. & M.  
LEAVE—6:35 a. m., 2:55 p. m.  
ARRIVE—10:40 a. m., 7:05 p. m.

Z. & O.  
LEAVE—6:20 a. m., 2:40 p. m.  
ARRIVE—10:40 a. m., 5:55 p. m.

O. R. R. R. (Eastern Time.)  
SOUTH—10:25 a. m., 7:15 p. m.  
NORTH—11:15 p. m., 8:40 p. m., 7:28 a. m.

## Our New

No. 16

Buckskin Stocking

FOR BOYS.

If you have any tough

Boys give them a whirl at this stocking, and see which comes out ahead.

They may not have met their equal heretofore, but No. 16 will keep them quiet, price 25c.

**Wheelmen**

Instead of the stocking most all of them use the Leggings to pull on right over the Common ½ Hose.

We have them in several shades, handsome patterns, prices 75c and \$1.00.

**STAR CLOTHING HOUSE.**

BUCKEYE NEWS.

New and Interesting Happenings Within Our Borders.

WM. PAUL HANGED.

The Murderer of Jacob Yockey Pays the Penalty in the Annex.

COLUMBUS, O., April 29.—Wm. Paul was hung in the state prison at 12:30 a. m. He claimed innocence to the last and met death bravely. His neck was broken by the fall.

The crime for which Paul was hung was the murder of his father-in-law, Jacob Yockey, at his home near Georgetown, in September, 1894. Yockey was shot through a window while reading by the light of a lamp. Paul was charged by Yockey with seducing his wife's younger sister. There had been bitter enmity between the two on this account and Paul had left the neighborhood on account of whitecap letters threatening him. Soon after his return the murder was committed. He always denied it but the circumstantial evidence was strong against him.

**MORE TERRITORY**

Wanted by the City of Cincinnati—An Ordinance to Be Introduced to Extend Her Boundaries.

CINCINNATI, April 29.—Legislator Gus Juergens will bring an ordinance into the B. of L. to annex all of the territory between the recently annexed villages. Before he has the annexing ordinance framed he will call on the county commissioners and ask their wishes in the matter. The passage of this ordinance will bring in an immense amount of unimproved territory, but includes thousands of beautiful building sites.

It will open new territory for street and road enterprise.

Cincinnati had to pay off all debts of the annexed villages. There will be but few to liquidate in the new territory.

**SUED FOR DAMAGES.**

A Peculiar Charge Made by an Attorney Against a Judge.

AKRON, O., April 29.—Attorney T. L. Childs, to whom Judge Voris of the common pleas court refused to give an order to see Cotell, accused of the Stone murder, has sued the judge for \$50,000 damages. In his charge to the grand jury in the murder case Judge Voris spoke of Childs in a way which the latter claims has greatly injured him. Cotell saw Childs' name in the bar list shortly after his arrest, and sent for him. The court would not permit him to see the prisoner, but appointed his son, E. F. Voris, and H. Musser as Cotell's counsel.

## → A Waste of Time ←

It's a waste of time to look elsewhere for a suit to equal the remarkable and attractive line of new and handsome Spring Suits in all the popular fabrics which "THE BUCKEYE" shows.

## Men's Suits

**\$6.50** In this lot are Black and Blue Vicuna Thibet Suits, neat Gray and Black Pincheck Cheviot Suits, Harris' Millis Cassimeres and Mixed Tweed Suits.

## Men's Suits

**\$8.50** In this lot there are Blue and Black Imported Serge Suits, Fancy Check and Plaid Scotch Cheviot Suits and the newest patterns in Irish Homespuns.

## Men's Suits

**\$11.50** In this lot are Imported Mixtures Diagonal Worsted Suit, beautiful Light Colored Worsted, Wool and Silk Mixed Suits, Genuine Imported English Tweeds and the FAMOUS Riverside Clay Worsteds.

## Men's Trousers

Dark, Grey and Mixed Cassimeres, well made - - - - - **\$2.00**

All the late Spring Patterns in Stripes and Checks, English Worsteds and Tweeds - - - - - **\$3.50**

## Boys' Long Pant Suits

Good, Substantial, Dark Gray and Mixed Cassimeres - - - - - **\$3.75**

## Boys' Long Pant Suits

Elegantly made in strictly All Wool Cheviots and Cassimeres, Blue, Black and Fancy - - - - - **\$5.00**

## Boys' \$3.00 Knee Pant Suits

Fancy Reefer Suits in Blue, Tan and Fancy Mixed Scotch Cheviots, handsomely braided, sailors collars; size 3 to 8.

## Boys' \$4.00 Knee Pant Suits

Fancy Summer Cheviot, Sailor Suits, 3 to 8. Reefer Suits in Navy, Brown, big Sailor Collars, Little Junior Blouse and Royal Prince Suits.

## OUR MEN'S SUMMER FURNISHINGS.

are unquestionably the finest, swellest and lowest priced in town. Underwear from 25c. up to \$3.00 a suit.

Half Hose in Black, Brown and Tan, 10c. a pair. Colored Shirts in all the newest spring patterns attached and detached collars, from 50c. to \$1.50.

The Largest and Most Complete Line of STRAW HATS ever shown in Marietta. Come in and look. No trouble to show goods.

## THE